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- A receiver for receiving, in a given frequency band, a digital signal which is formatted in successive data frames, the receiver comprising:
- a filtering block for filtering the received signal in at least one frequency sub-band.
- a saturation detector for detecting a saturation of the signal in one of the filtered frequency sub-bands and for supplying saturation information of said sub-band,
- a bad-frame detector for detecting a transmission error in a received frame, referred to as current frame, as a function of the saturation information of the sub-band with which the current frame is associated, and for deriving a bad-frame indication.
- 2. A receiver as claimed in claim 1 for receiving a digital signal having a magnitude whose value has a probability which is higher than a fixed threshold to evolve, in the sequence of the frames, within a tolerance interval comprising at least a value taken during a preceding frame which has not been indicated as a bad frame by the bad-frame detector, said bad-frame detector in said receiver being provided for detecting an abnormal evolution of said value outside said tolerance interval.
- 3. A receiver as claimed in claim 2, wherein the saturation detection device is provided with comparison and computing means for computing an average value of said magnitude in a sub-band and for comparing it with a reference value for deriving said saturation information.
- A receiver as claimed in claim 2, wherein the bad-frame detector comprises:
- an error detector for detecting a transmission error in a frame of the sub-band and for supplying an error signal.
- 25 a decision block for receiving the saturation information of the relevant sub-band from the saturation detector, on the one hand, and the error signal from the error detector, on the other hand, for deciding that the current frame is a bad frame when the error signal indicates a transmission error and when the saturation information indicates that the subband is not saturated.

- 5. A receiver as claimed in any one of the preceding claims, wherein said magnitude is representative of an energy of the received signal.
- 5 6. A method of receiving, in a given frequency band, a digital signal which is formatted in successive data frames, the method comprising the steps of
 - filtering the received signal in at least one frequency sub-band,
 - detecting a saturation of the signal in one of the filtered frequency sub-bands and supplying saturation information of said sub-band.
- bad-frame detection for detecting a transmission error in a received frame, referred to as
 current frame, as a function of the saturation information of the sub-band with which the
 current frame is associated, and for deriving a bad-frame indication.
 - 7. A computer program product for a receiver as claimed in claim 1, comprising software code portions which, once loaded into the receiver, allow it to perform the steps of the method as claimed in claim 6.
 - A telephone for receiving digital signals from a telecommunication system, characterized in that it comprises a receiver as claimed in claim 1.
 - A telecommunication system for exchanging digital signals between at least a transmitter and a receiver, characterized in that it comprises a receiver as claimed in claim 1.